

The Fibonacci sequence used in the "OP ART" above started with one represented by $\frac{1}{32}$ of an inch so that the biggest rectangle is $(55 / 32) \times(89 / 32)$ 。 The rectangles adjacent to the main diagonal would approach the Golden Rectangle as the Op Art is extended downward and to the right. Mrs. Naysmith is a student of Professor Ruth Ballard of University of Illinois.

